

Model No.: N133I1 - L02 Tentative

# **TFT LCD Tentative Specification**

# MODEL NO.: N133I1 - L02

Customer:	
Approved by:	
Note:	

Liquid Crystal	Display Division
QRA Division.	OA Head Division.
Approval	Approval
94.11. 4	林 94.11. 1



Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

# - CONTENTS -

REVISION HISTORY -	 3
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION 1.1 OVERVIEW 1.2 FEATURES 1.3 APPLICATION 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	4
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	5
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	7
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE 4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	11
5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE 5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT 5.3 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL 5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT 5.5 EDID DATA STRUCTURE	12
6. INTERFACE TIMING 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE	 16
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	 18
8. PRECAUTIONS 8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS 8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS 8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS	 22
9. PACKING 9.1 CARTON 9.2 PALLET	 23
10. DEFINITION OF LABELS  10.1 CMO MODULE LABEL  10.2 CMO CARTON LABE  10.3 CUSTOMER CARTON LABEL	 25



Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

# **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
0.0	Nov, 1,'05	All	All	Tentative specification was first issued.



Tentative



## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

N133I1 - L02 is a 13.3" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with single CCFL Backlight unit and 20 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1280 x 800 XGA mode and can display 262,144 colors. The optimum viewing angle is at 6 o'clock direction. The inverter module for Backlight is built in.

#### 1.2 FEATURES

- Thin and Light Weight
- WXGA (1280 x 800 pixels) resolution
- DE only mode
- 3.3V LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface with 1 pixel/clock

## 1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Notebook

#### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

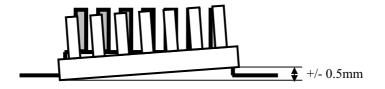
Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	286.08 (H) x 178.8 (V)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	289.1 (H) x 181.8 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1280 x R.G.B. x 800	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.2235 (H) x 0.2235 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262,144	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally white	-	-
Surface Treatment	Glare , 2H	-	-

## 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

I	Item Min. Typ. Max. Unit		Note				
	Horizontal(H)	298.5	299	299.5	mm		
Module Size	Vertical(V)	194.5	195	195.5	mm	(1)	
	Depth(D)	4.9	5.2	5.5	mm		
W	eight //		355	365	g	-	
I/F connector i	mounting position	The mounting i	(2)				
center within ±0.5mm as the horizontal.							

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Connector mounting position





Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

**Tentative** 

#### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

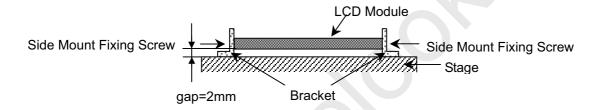
#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note		
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	NOLE	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	S <sub>NOP</sub>	-	220	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	$V_{NOP}$	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

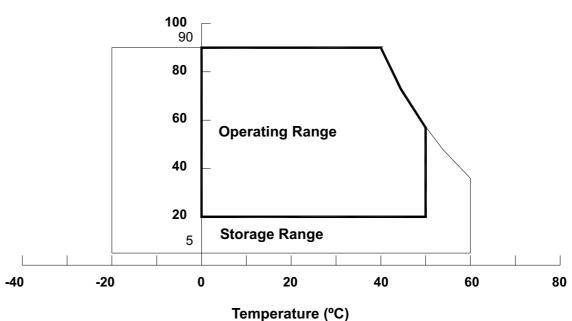
- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta  $\leq$  40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The ambient temperature means the temperature of panel surface.
- Note (3) 2ms, half sine wave, 1 times for  $\pm$  X,  $\pm$  Y,  $\pm$  Z.

Note (4) 10 ~ 200Hz, 0.5hr/cycle, 1 cycle for each X, Y, Z. The fixing condition is shown as below:



Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.





5 / 26





Tentative

## 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

#### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.3	+4.0	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V	(1)	

## 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol Valu		lue	Unit	Note	
iteiii	Syllibol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Lamp Voltage	$V_L$	-	(2.0K)	$V_{RMS}$	$(1), (2), I_L = 6.0 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	(2.0)	(6.5)	$mA_{RMS}$	(1) (2)	
Lamp Frequency	F∟	(45)	(80)	KHz	(1), (2)	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

## 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

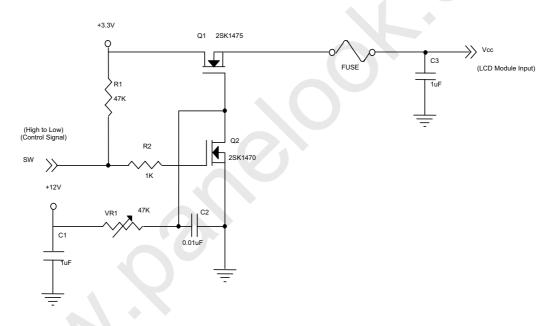
#### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

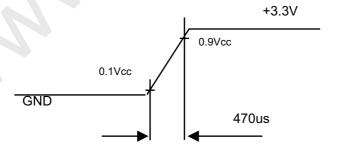
Parameter		Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Ripple Voltage		$V_{RP}$	-	-	100	mV	-
Rush Current		I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	1.5	Α	(2)
Power Supply Current	White	lcc	-	(255)	(295)	mA	(3)a
r ower Supply Current	Black		-	(330)	(375)	mA	(3)b
Logical Input Voltage	"H" Level	$V_{IL}$	-	-	+100	mV	-
Logical Input Voltage	"L" Level	$V_{IH}$	-100	-	-	mV	-
Terminating Resistor		$R_T$	-	100	-	Ohm	-
Power per EBL WG		P <sub>EBL</sub>	-	TBD	-	W	(4)

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

## Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



## Vcc rising time is 470us

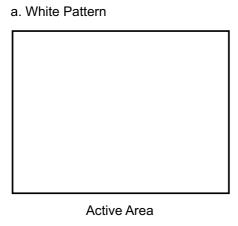


Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 3.3 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, f<sub>v</sub> = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

**Tentative** 



b. Black Pattern



**Active Area** 

- Note (4) The specified power are the sum of LCD panel electronics input power and the inverter input power. Test conditions are as follows.
  - (a) Vcc = 3.3 V,  $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60 \,^{\circ}\text{Hz}$ ,
  - (b) The pattern used is a black and white 32 x 36 checkerboard, slide #100 from the VESA file "Flat Panel Display Monitor Setup Patterns", FPDMSU.ppt.
  - (c) Luminance: 60 nits.
  - (d) The inverter used is provided from XXXX(www.XXX.com). CMO doesn't provide the inverter in this product.





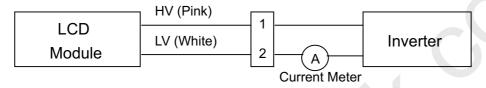
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#### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ia	=	25	±	2	۰C
----	---	----	---	---	----

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
raiametei	Syllibol	Min. Typ.		Max.		
Lamp Input Voltage	$V_L$	(603)	(670)	(737)	$V_{RMS}$	$I_{L} = 6.0 \text{ mA}$
Lamp Current	Ι <sub>L</sub>	(2.0)	(6.0)	(6.5)	$mA_RMS$	(1)
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs			(1360 (25 °C))	$V_{RMS}$	(2)
Lamp rum on voltage				(1500 (0 °C))	$V_{RMS}$	(2)
Operating Frequency	$F_L$	(45)		(80)	KHz	(3)
Lamp Life Time	$L_BL$	(15,000)			Hrs	(5)
Power Consumption	$P_L$		(4.02)		W	$(4)$ , $I_L = 6.0 \text{ mA}$

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



- Note (2) The voltage shown above should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup.

  Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency from the display, and this may cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4)  $P_L = I_L \times V_L$
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25  $\pm 2$  °C and I<sub>L</sub> = 6 mArms until one of the following events occurs:
  - (a) When the brightness becomes or lower than 50% of its original value.
  - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes or lower than 80% of its original value. (Effective ignition length is defined as an area that has less than 70% brightness compared to the brightness in the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and

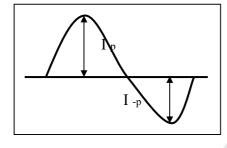


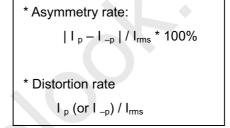
Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02 Tentative

symmetrical current waveform.(Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below.
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ .
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.





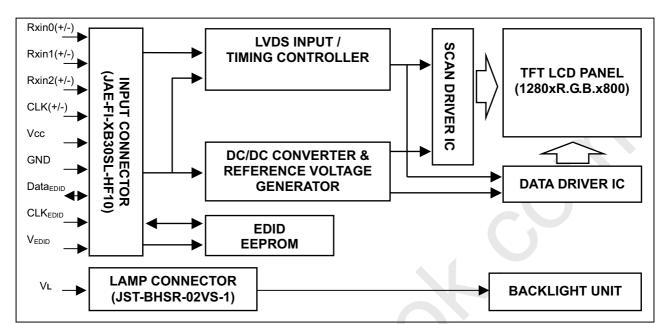




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## 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

#### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



### 4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

## 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

#### 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Symbol	Description	Polarity	Remark
1	Vss	Ground		
2	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V (typical)		
3	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V (typical)		
4	$V_{EDID}$	DDC 3.3V Power		DDC 3.3V Power
5	BIST	Panel BIST enable		
6	CLK <sub>EDID</sub>	DDC Clock		DDC Clock
7	DATA <sub>EDID</sub>	DDC Data		DDC Data
8	Rxin0-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	R0~R5,G0
9	Rxin0+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
10	Vss	Ground		
11	Rxin1-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	G1~G5, B0, B1
12	Rxin1+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	-
13	Vss	Ground	4	
14	Rxin2-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	B2~B5, DE, Hsync, Vsync
15	Rxin2+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
16	Vss	Ground		
17	CLK-	LVDS Clock Data Input	Negative	LVDS Level Clock
18	CLK+	LVDS Clock Data Input	Positive	LVD3 Level Clock
19	Vss	Ground		
20	Vss	Ground		

Note (1) Connector Part No.: DF19L-20P-1H (HIROSE) or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No: DF-19G-20S-1SD or equivalent



Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02 Tentative

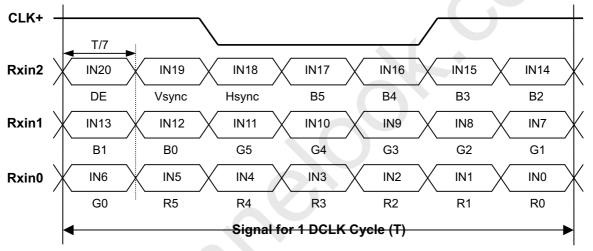
## 5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Color
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Ground	White

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JST- BHSR-02VS-1 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: SM02B-BHSS-1-TB or equivalent

## 5.3 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL







Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

## 5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

		Data Signal																	
	Color				ed						een						ue		
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	Ğ	G	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	•	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	i			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	):	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0 <	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

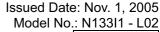
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## 5.5 EDID DATA STRUCTURE

The EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) data formats are to support displays as defined in the VESA Plug & Display and FPDI standards.

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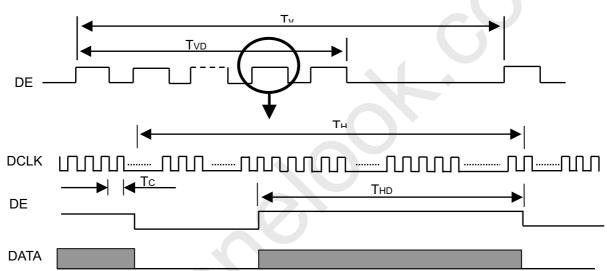
## 6. INTERFACE TIMING

#### 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

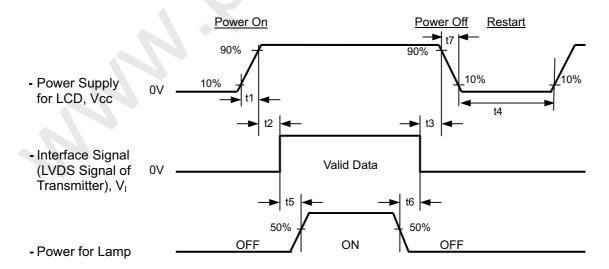
The specifications of input signal timing are as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	1/Tc	50	71.1	80	MHz	-
	Vertical Total Time	TV	810	823	1900	Ξ	-
DE	Vertical Addressing Time	TVD	800	800	800	Ξ	-
DL	Horizontal Total Time	TH	1360	1440	1900	Tc	-
	Horizontal Addressing Time	THD	1280	1280	1280	Tc	-

## INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



## 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE





Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

## Timing Specifications:

0.5< t1  $\leq$  10 msec

 $0 < t2 \le 50 \text{ msec}$ 

 $0 < t3 \le 50 \text{ msec}$ 

 $t4 \ge 500 \text{ msec}$ 

 $t5 \ge 200 \text{ msec}$ 

 $t6 \ge 200 \text{ msec}$ 

- Note (1) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- Note (2) When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD Vcc to 0 V.
- Note (3) The Backlight inverter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight inverter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.
- Note (4) Sometimes some slight noise shows when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off). To avoid this phenomenon, we suggest that the Vcc falling time had better to follow

t7 5 msec





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## 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.3	V			
Input Signal	According to typical value	CHARACTERISTICS"				
Inverter Current	IL	6	mA			
Inverter Driving Frequency	$F_L$ (61) KHz					
Inverter	H05-4915					

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

## 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

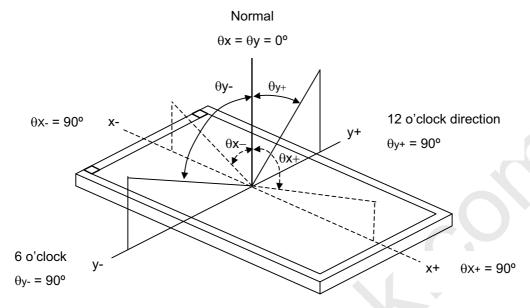
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR		(350)	(400)		-	(2), (5)
Response Time		$T_R$	_	(6)	(11)	ms	(3)	
response nine		$T_F$		-	(14)	(19)	ms	(3)
Average Lumina	nce of White	$L_{AVE}$		(180)	(220)		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(4), (5)
White Variation		δW				(1.4)	-	(5), (6)
	Dod	Rx	$\theta_x=0^\circ$ , $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		(0.615)		-	
	Red	Ry	Viewing Normal		(0.346)		-	
	Green	Gx	Angle	TYP -0.03	(0.340)		-	
Color		Gy			(0.541)	TYP	-	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx			(0.167)	+0.03	-	
		Ву			(0.183)		-	
	White	Wx			0.313		-	(1)
		Wy			0.329		-	
	Horizontal	$\theta_{x}$ +		(40)	(45)			
Viousing Angle	Horizontal	$\theta_{x}$ -	OD: 40	(40)	(45)		Dog	
Viewing Angle	\/autiaal	$\theta_{Y}$ +	CR≥10	(15)	(20)		Deg.	
	Vertical	$\theta_{Y}$ -		(25)	(30)			



Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ ,  $\theta y$ ):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0

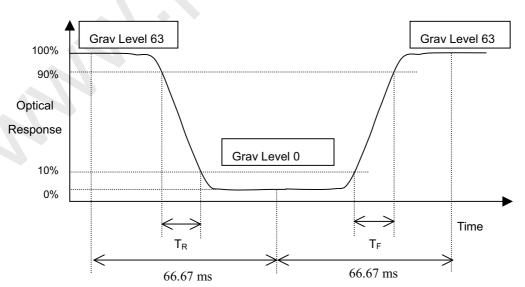
L63: Luminance of gray level 63

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (7).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time  $(T_R, T_F)$  and measurement method:





Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

Note (4) Definition of Average Luminance of White (LAVE):

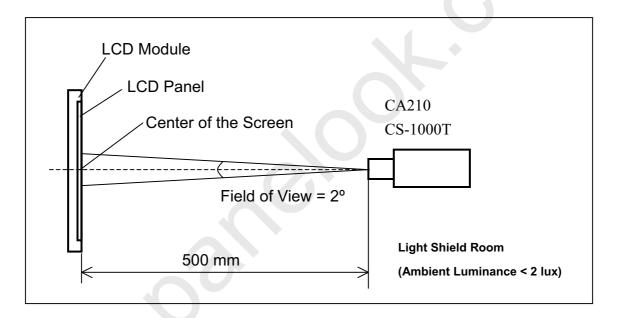
Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

$$L_{AVE} = [L (1) + L (2) + L (3) + L (4) + L (5)] / 5$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (7).

## Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.





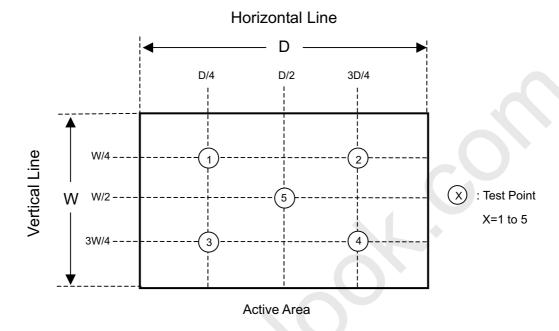
Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

Note (6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]$ 







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#### 8. PRECAUTIONS

#### 8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

#### 8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.



Issued Date: Nov. 1, 2005 Model No.: N133I1 - L02

Tentative

## 9. PACKAGING 9.1 CARTON

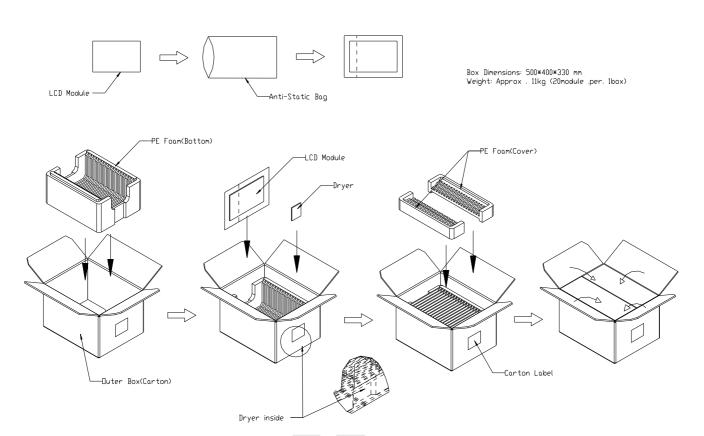


Figure. 9-1 Packing method

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## 9.2 PALLET

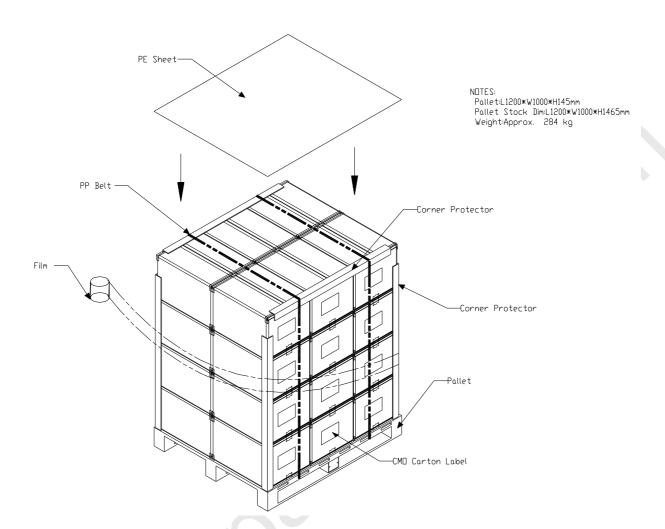


Figure. 9-2 Packing method



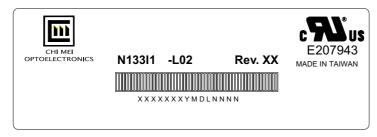
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## 10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

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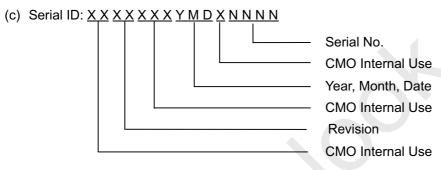
#### 10.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: N133I1 - L02

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A1, ..., C1, C2 ...etc.



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2001~2009

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1<sup>st</sup> to 31<sup>st</sup>, exclude I, O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

#### 10.2 CMO CARTON LABEL

